

# Algebras for Regular Relations

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Work in  
progress!

Highlights '23  
Kassel  
27 July 2023

# Regular Relations

$$R \subseteq \Sigma^* \times \Sigma^*$$

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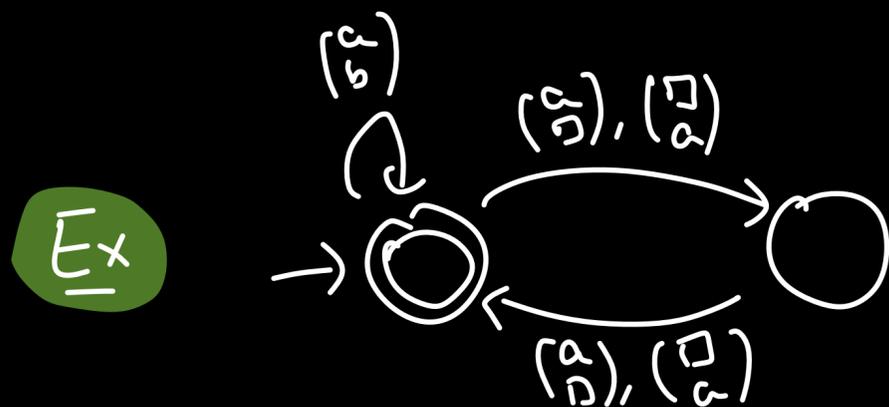
$$R \subseteq \Sigma^* \times \Sigma^*$$

$$(aa, abbb) \rightsquigarrow \begin{pmatrix} a & a & \underbrace{\emptyset & \emptyset}_{\text{padding}} \\ a & b & b & b \end{pmatrix}$$

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accepts  
Same-Parity =  $\{ (u, v) \mid |u| \equiv |v| \pmod{2} \}$ .

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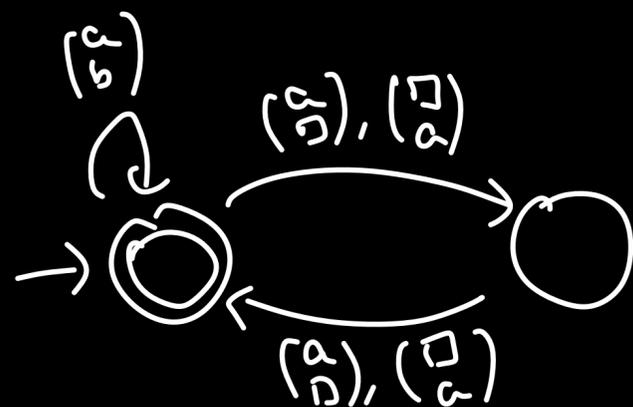
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$\bar{E}_x$



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# Relations vs. Languages

regular relations  
over  $\Sigma$

$\equiv$

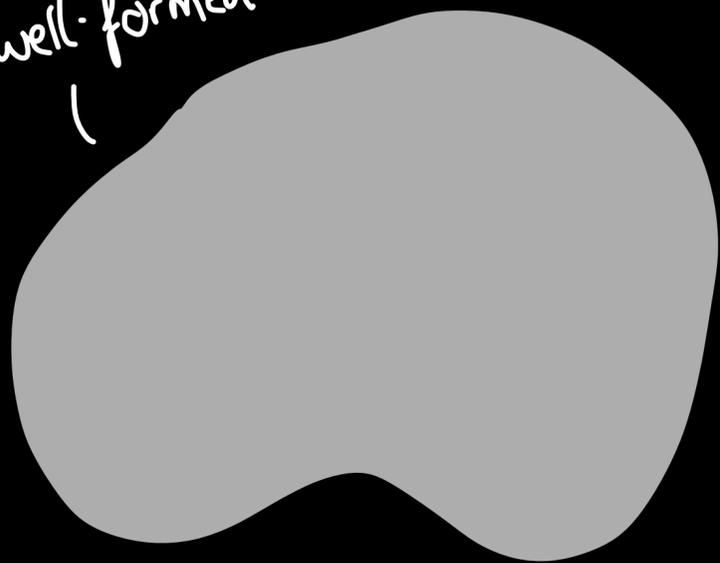
regular languages  
over  $\Sigma \times \Sigma \cup \Sigma \times \{\epsilon\} \cup \{\epsilon\} \times \Sigma$

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In  $(\Sigma \times \Sigma \cup \Sigma \times \{\square\} \cup \{\square\} \times \Sigma)^*$ :

well-formed  
(



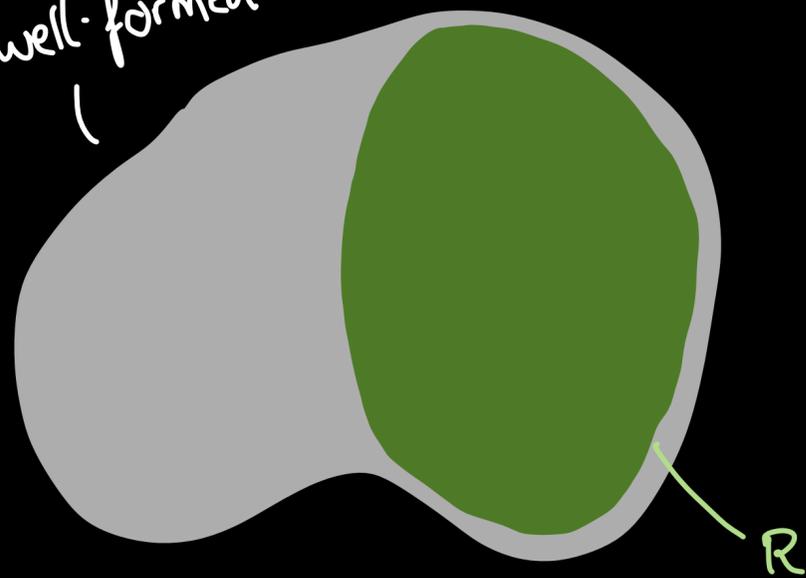
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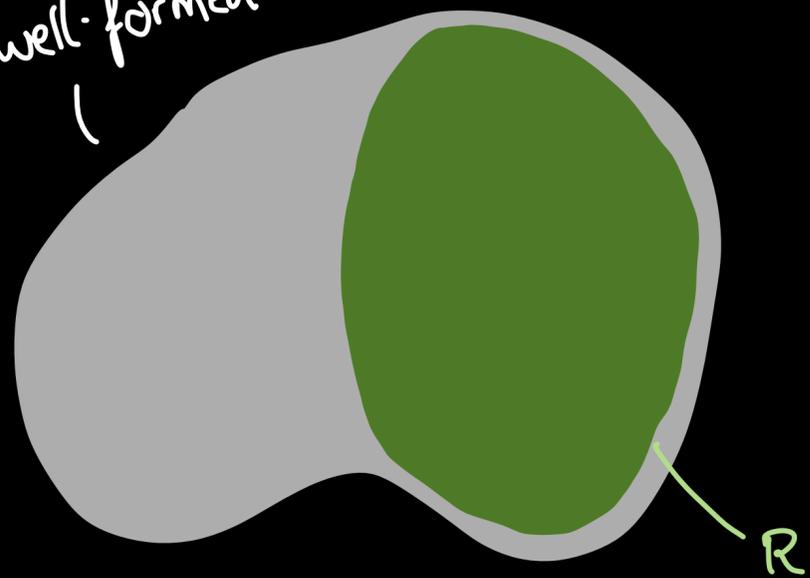


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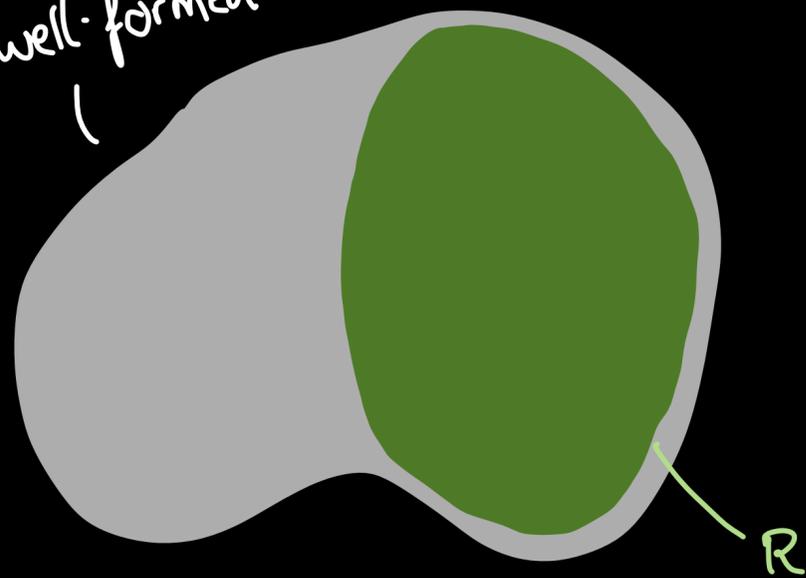
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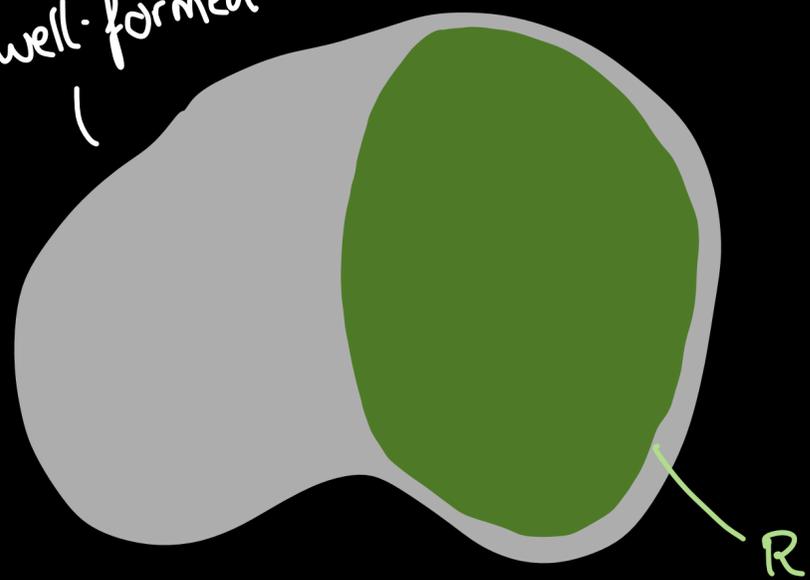
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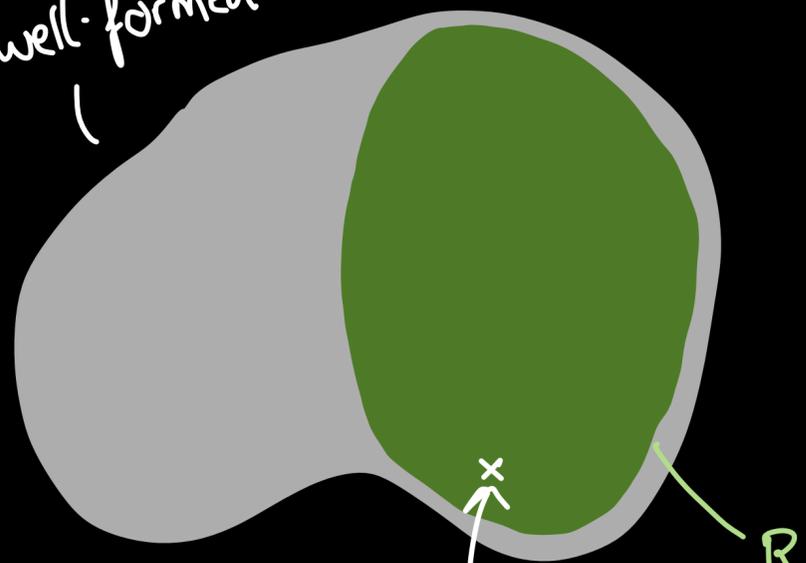
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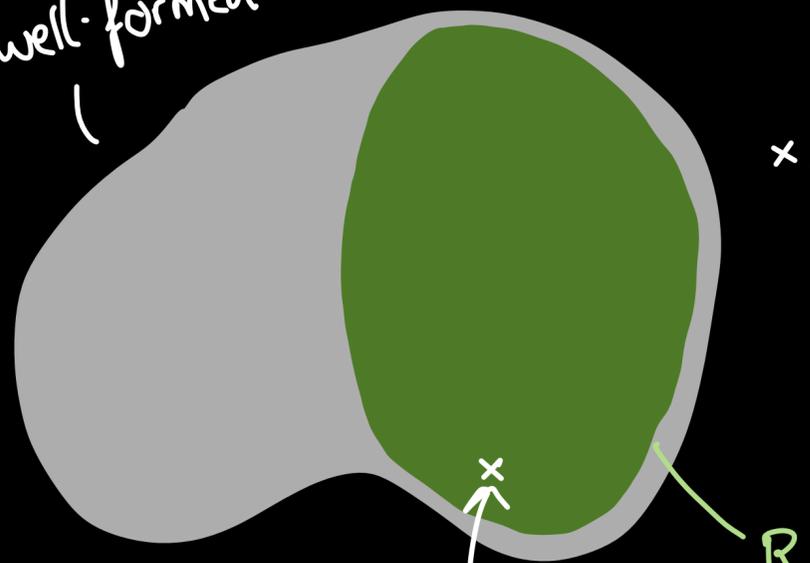
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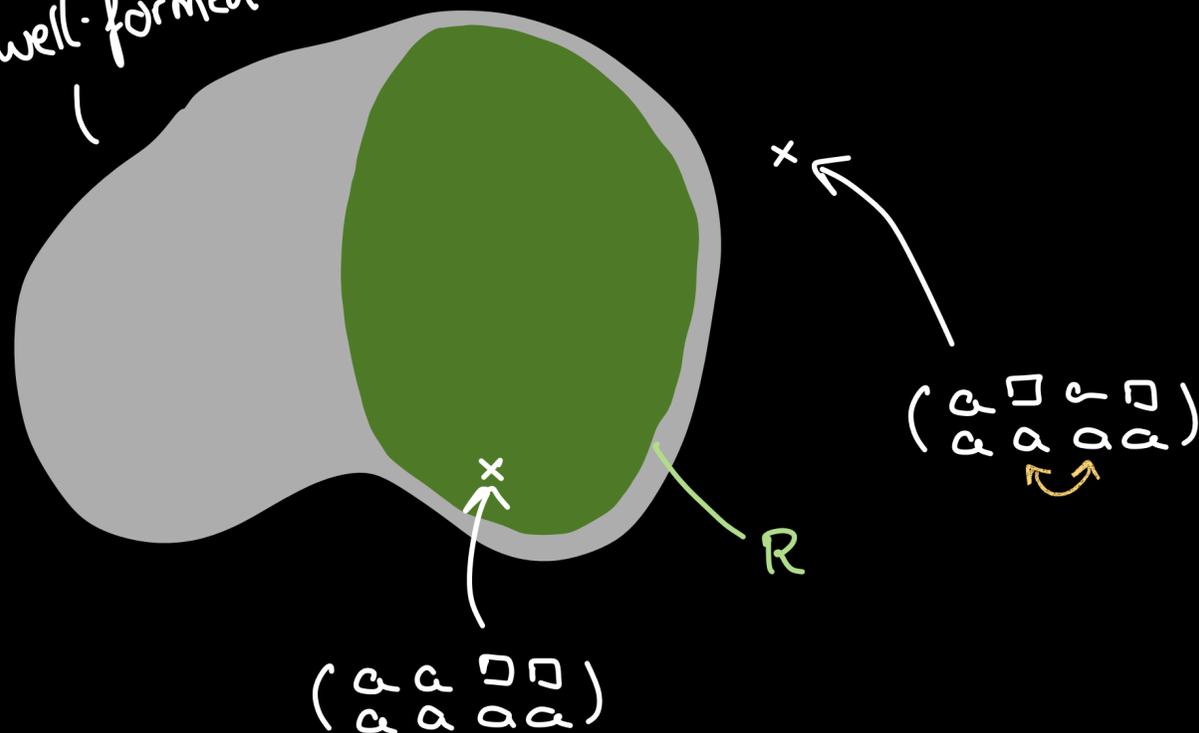
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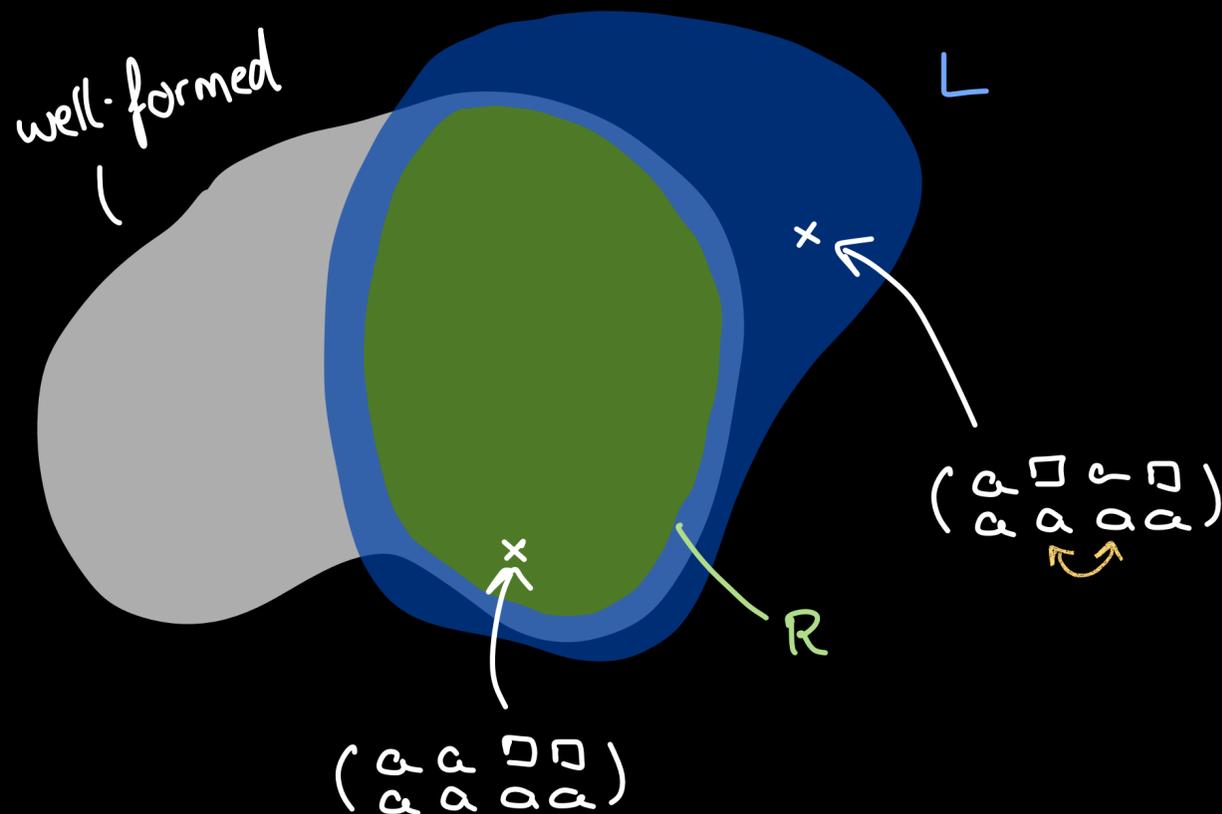
BUT

$$R = \left( \text{some commutative language} \right)_n \left( \text{well-formed words} \right)$$

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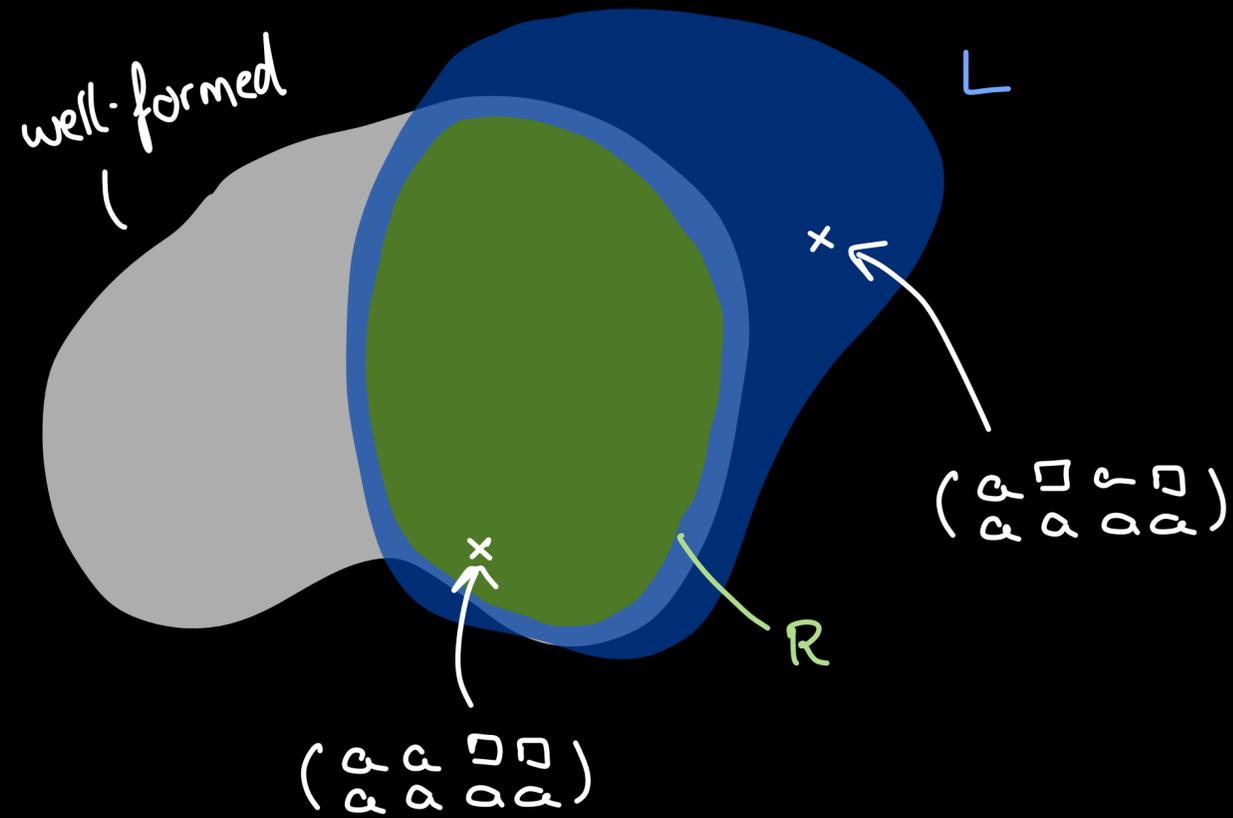
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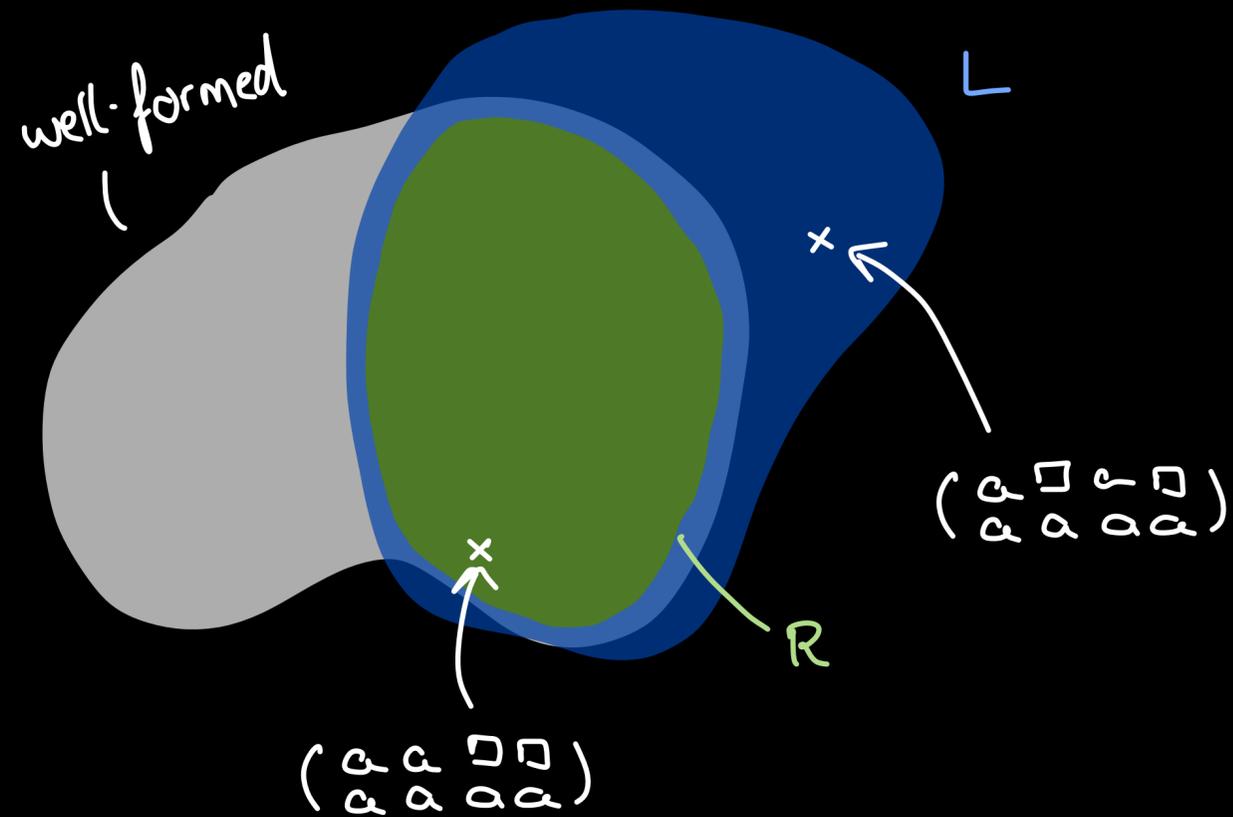
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# Classes of Relations



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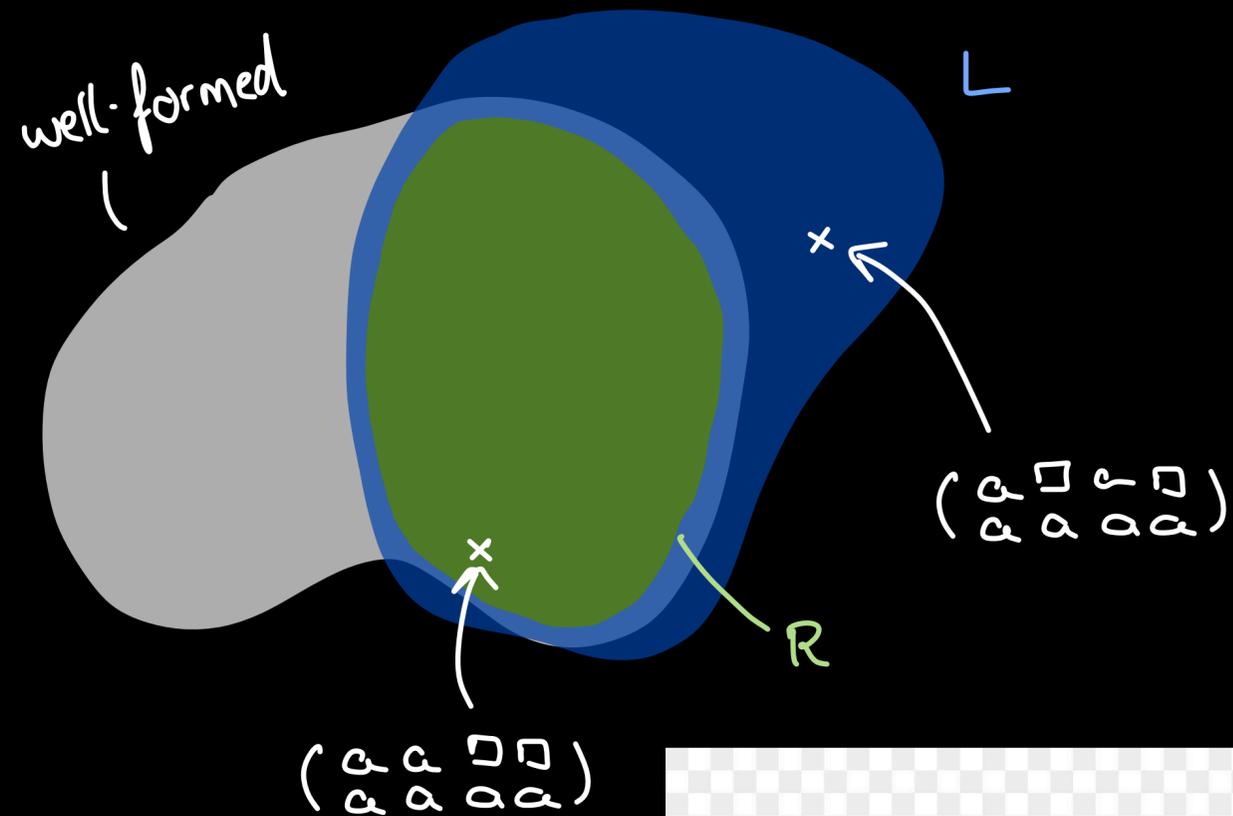


$\mathcal{V}$ : class of reg. languages

$\mathcal{Q}^0$ :  $\exists L \in \mathcal{V}, R = L \cap (\text{well-formed words})$ ?

“ “  $\mathcal{V}$ -relation ” ”

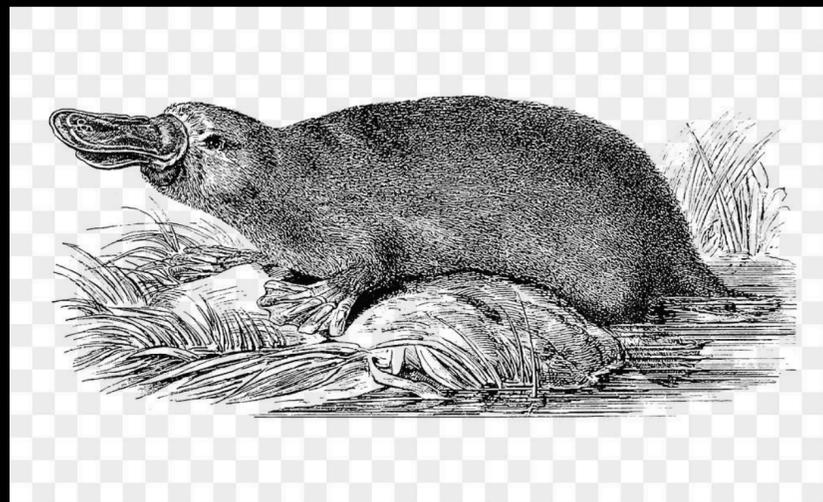
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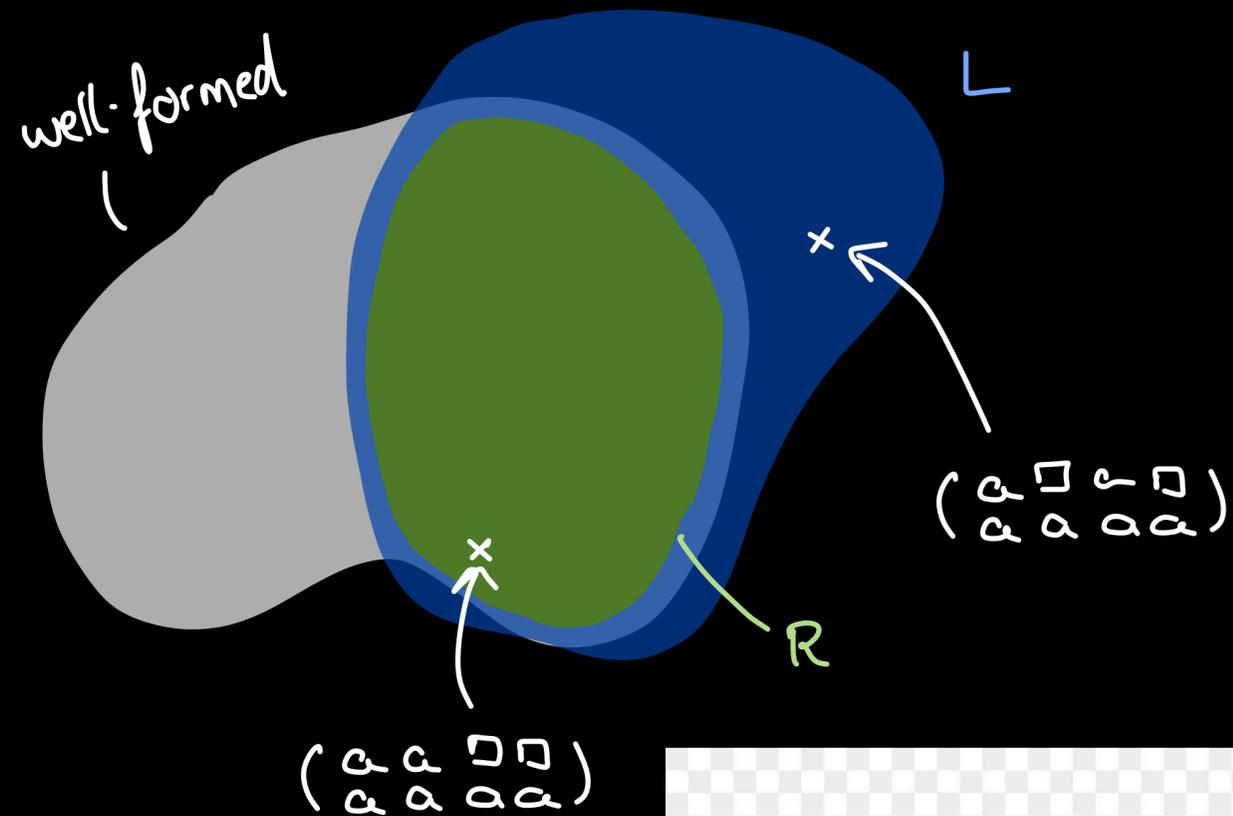
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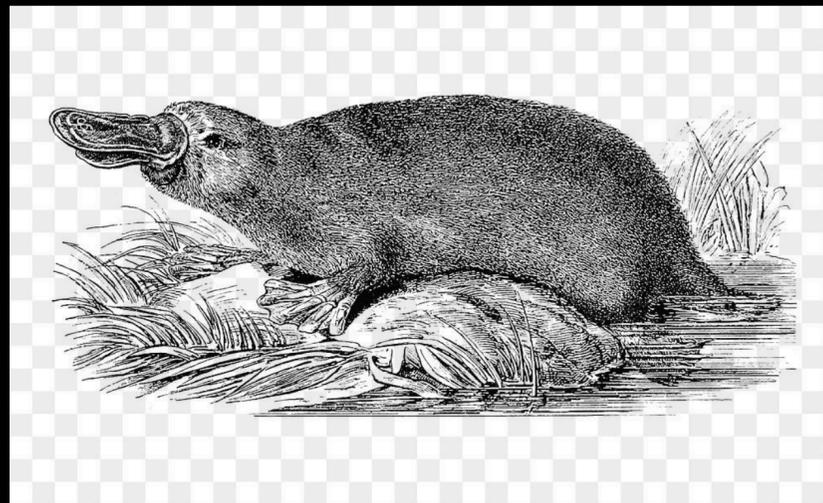


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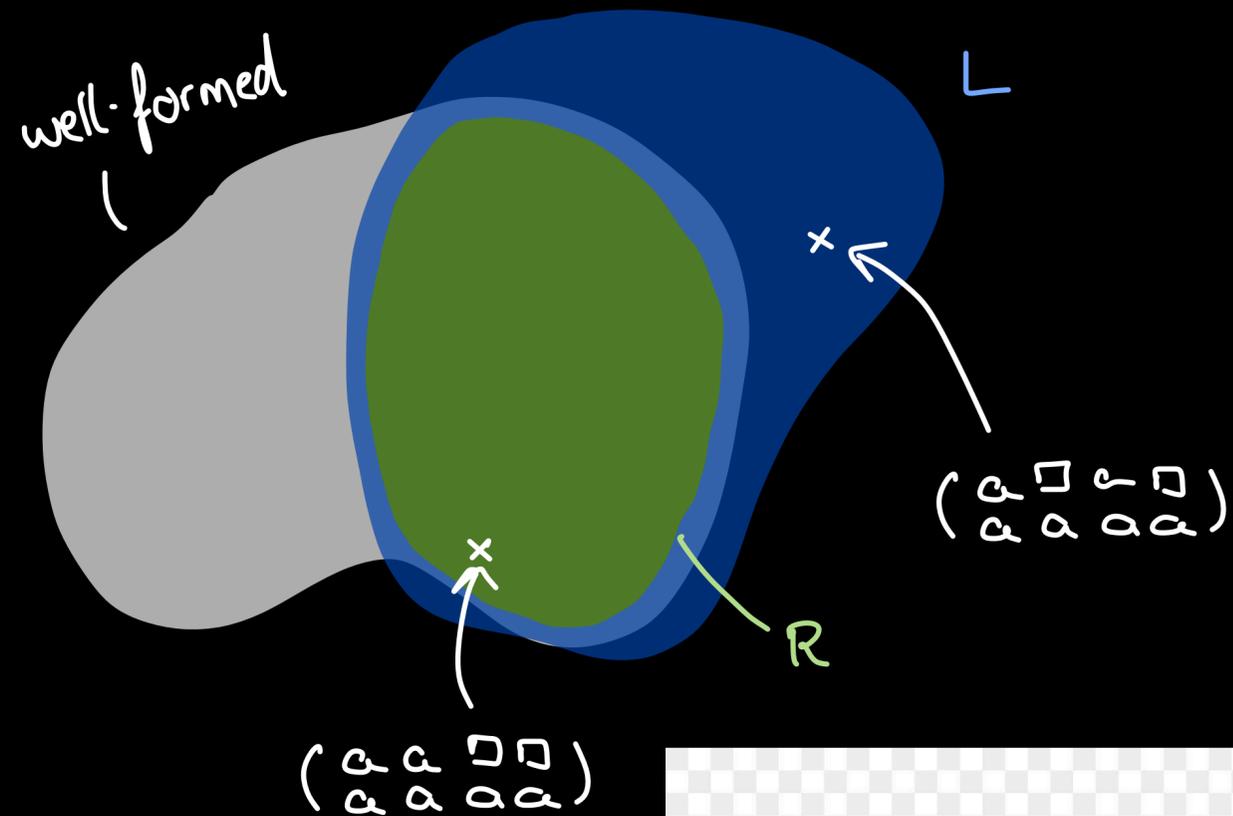
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Same parity is:

- not a commutative language ~~X~~
- is a commutative relation ✓

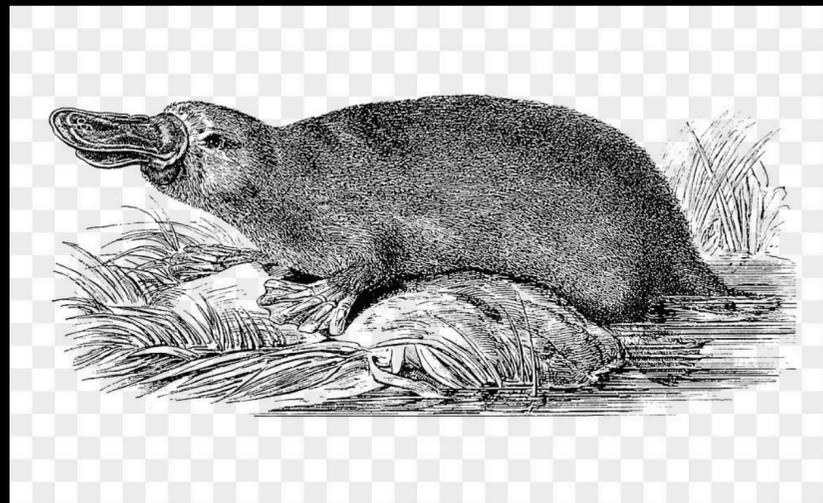
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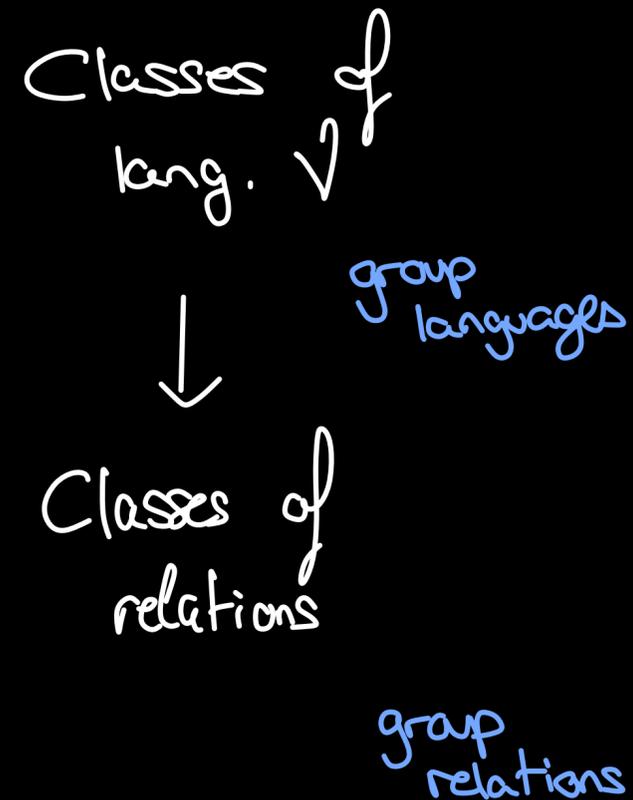
“ $\mathcal{V}$ -relation”



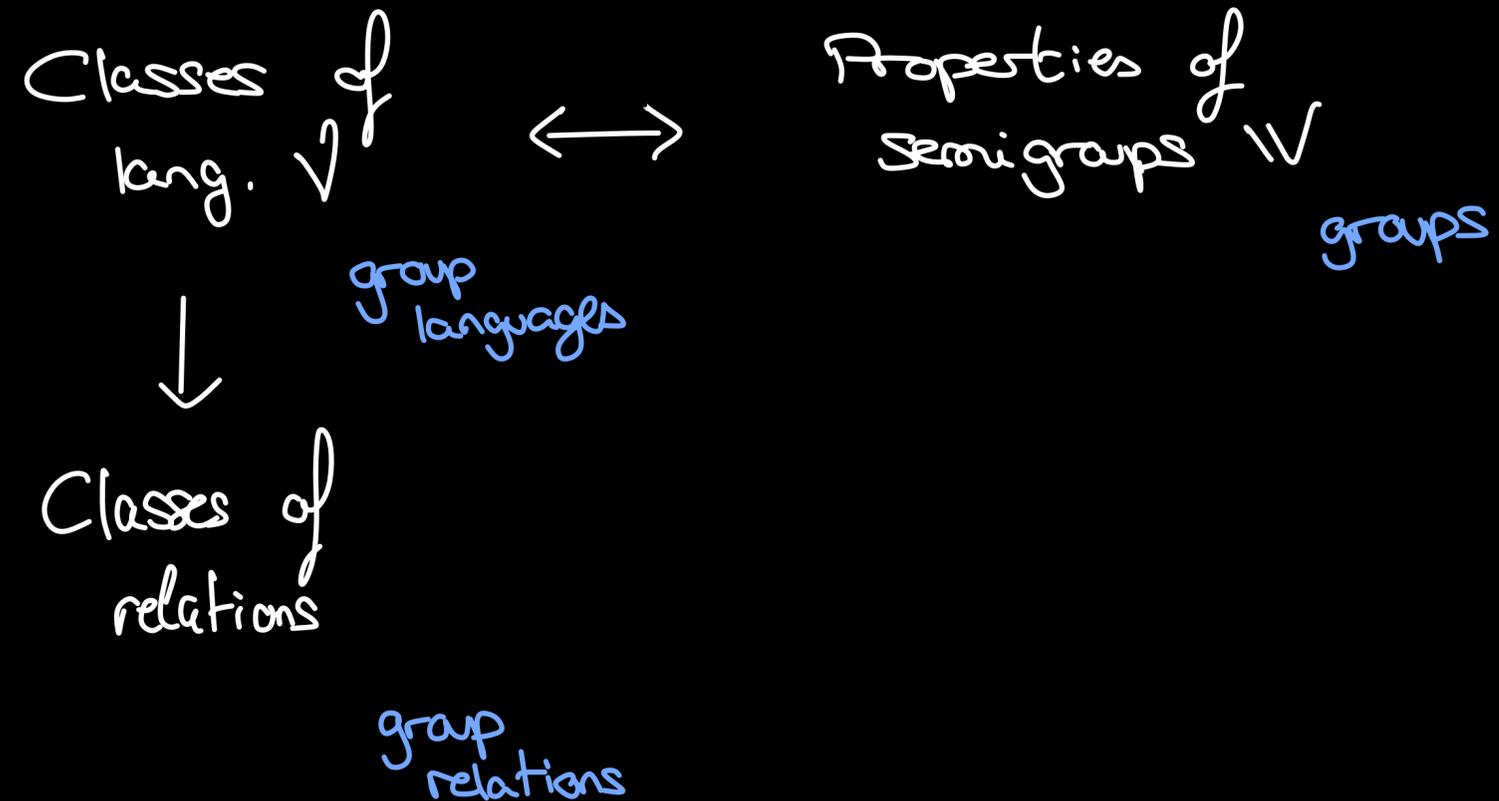
Same parity is:

- not a commutative language ✗
- is a commutative relation ✓
- not a group language ✗
- is a group relation ✓

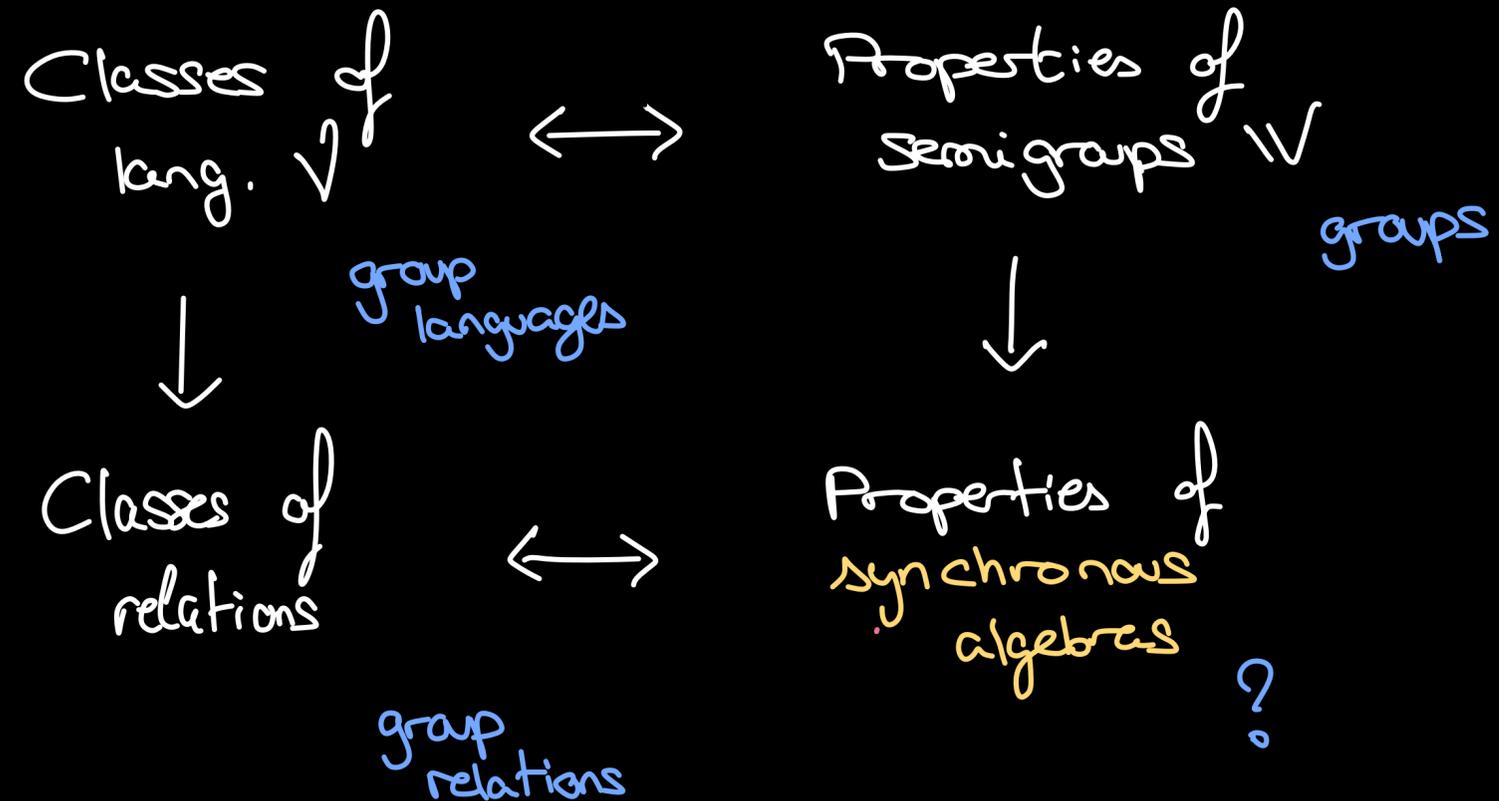
# Characterizing $\mathcal{V}$ -relations



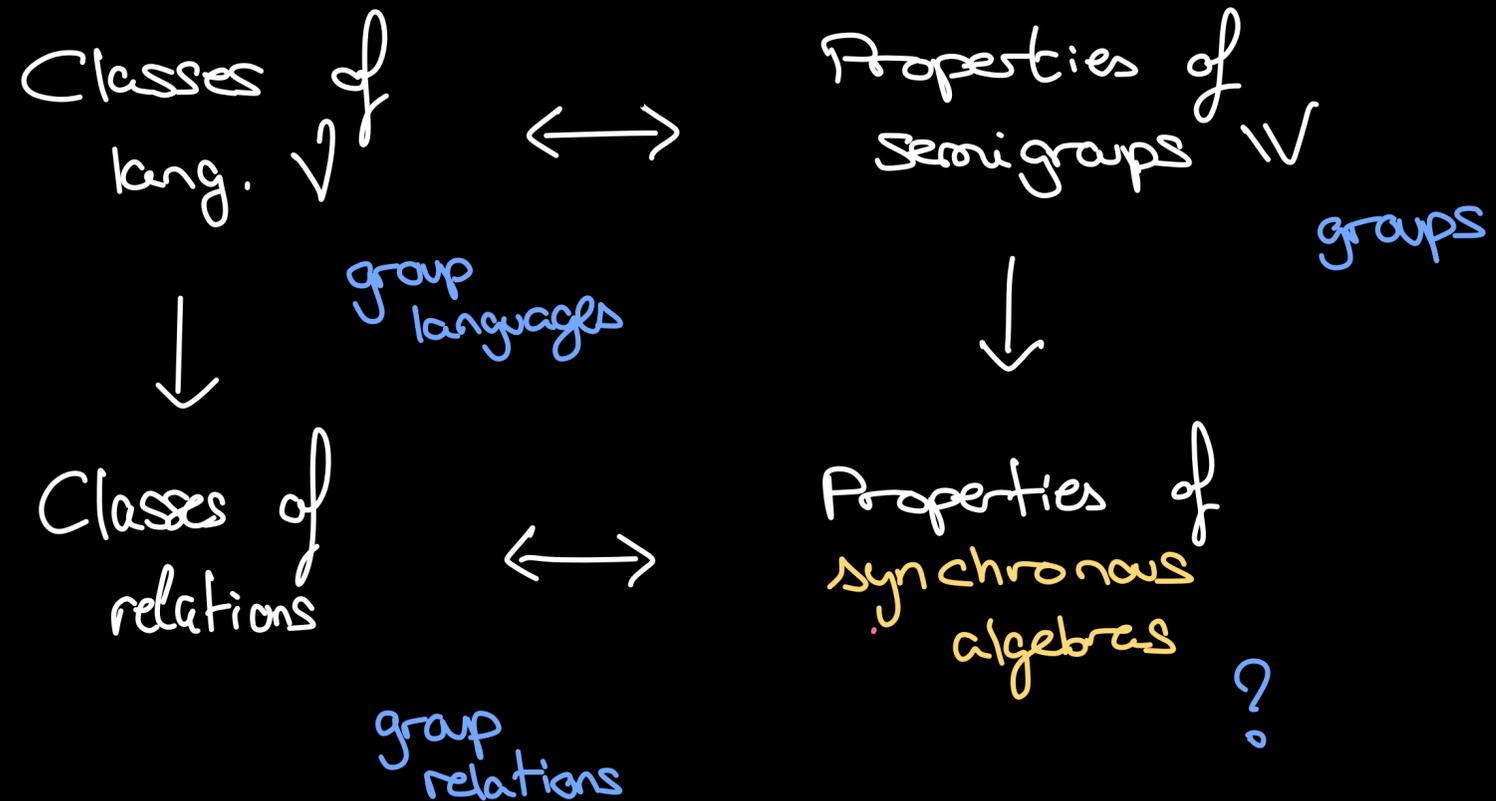
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"Def": Synchronous algebras:

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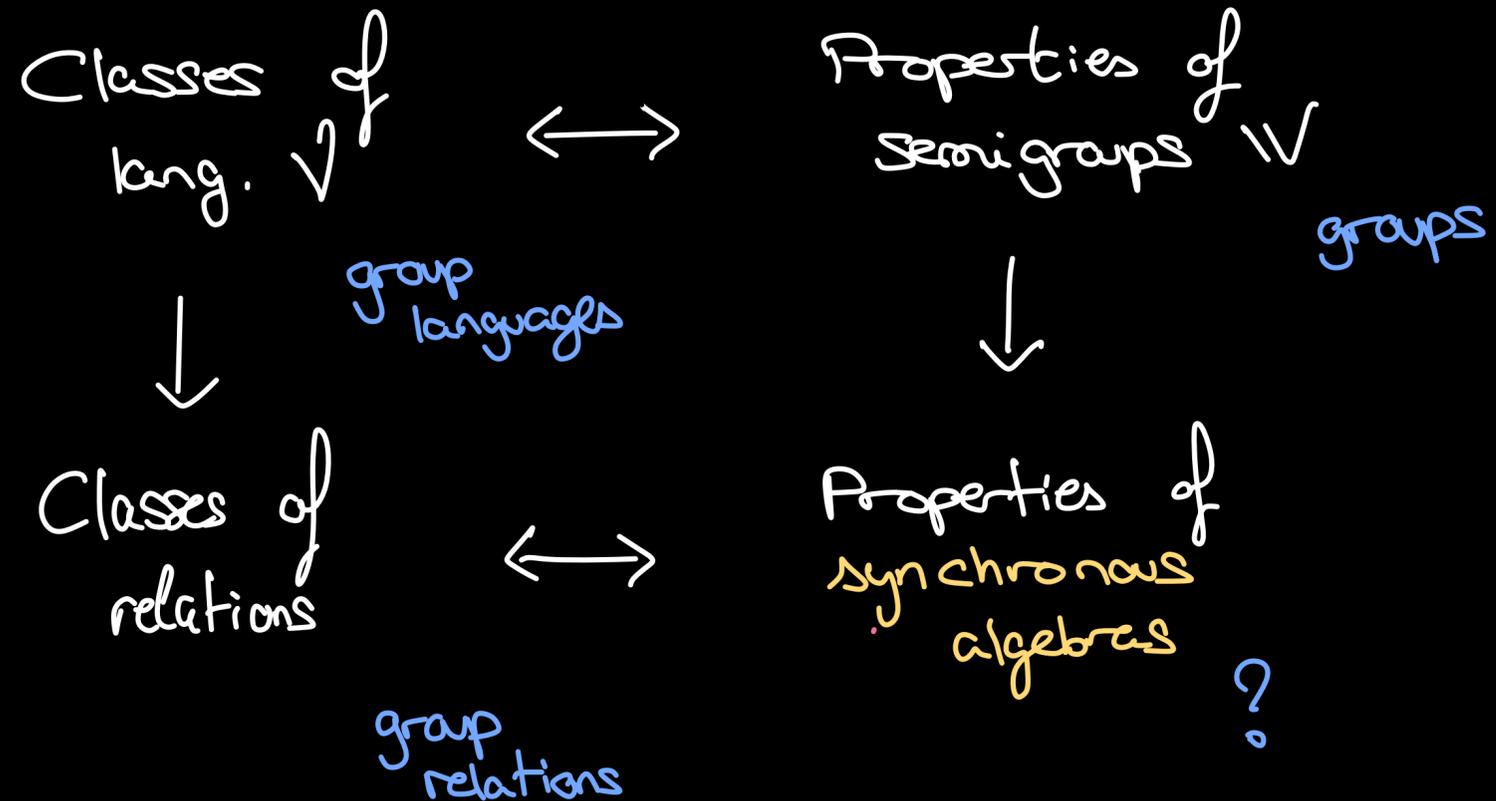
$$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ a \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a \\ a \end{pmatrix}$$

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$x_\sigma \cdot y_\tau$  well-defined?  
 $\downarrow$   
 $(\sigma, \tau)$  compatible

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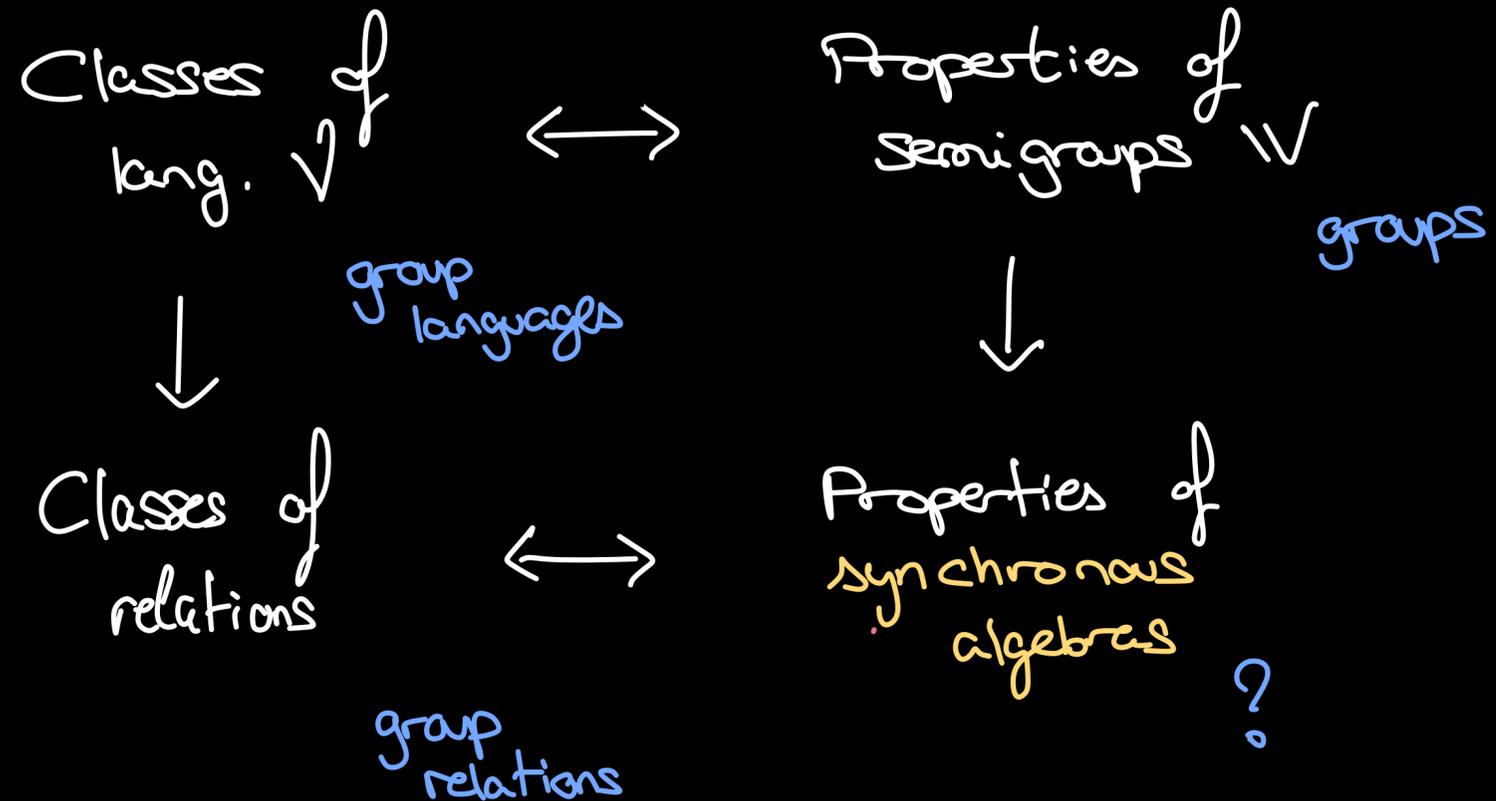


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**Fact**

- Finitely many types

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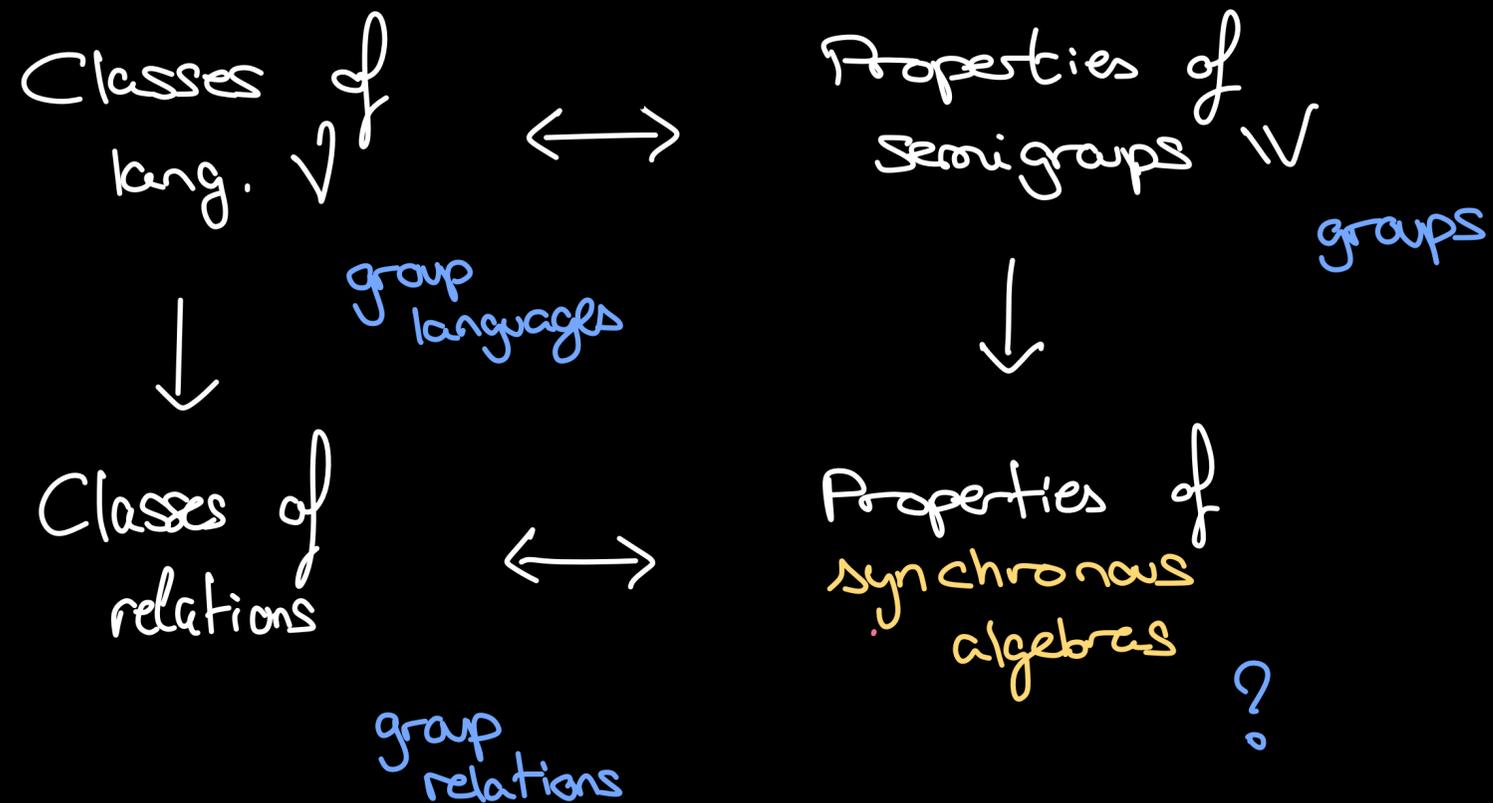


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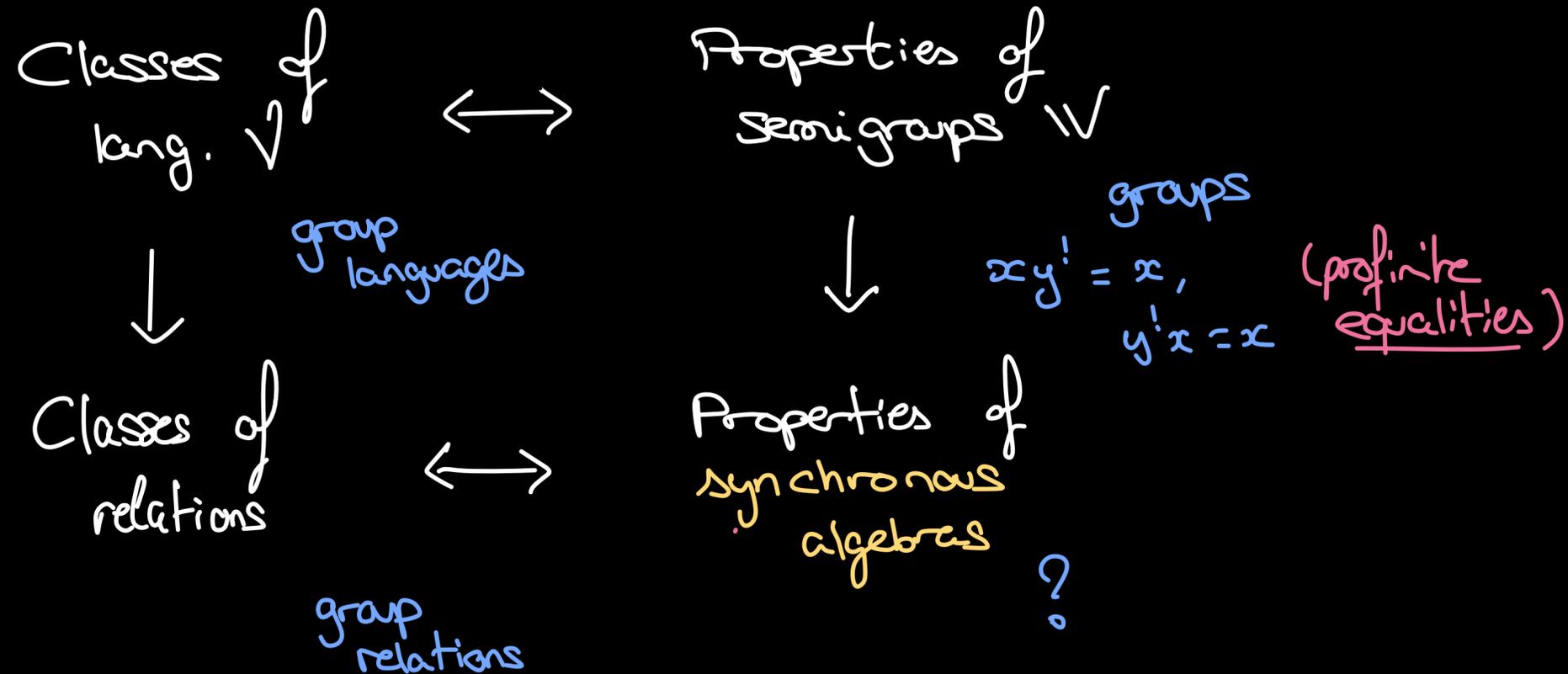
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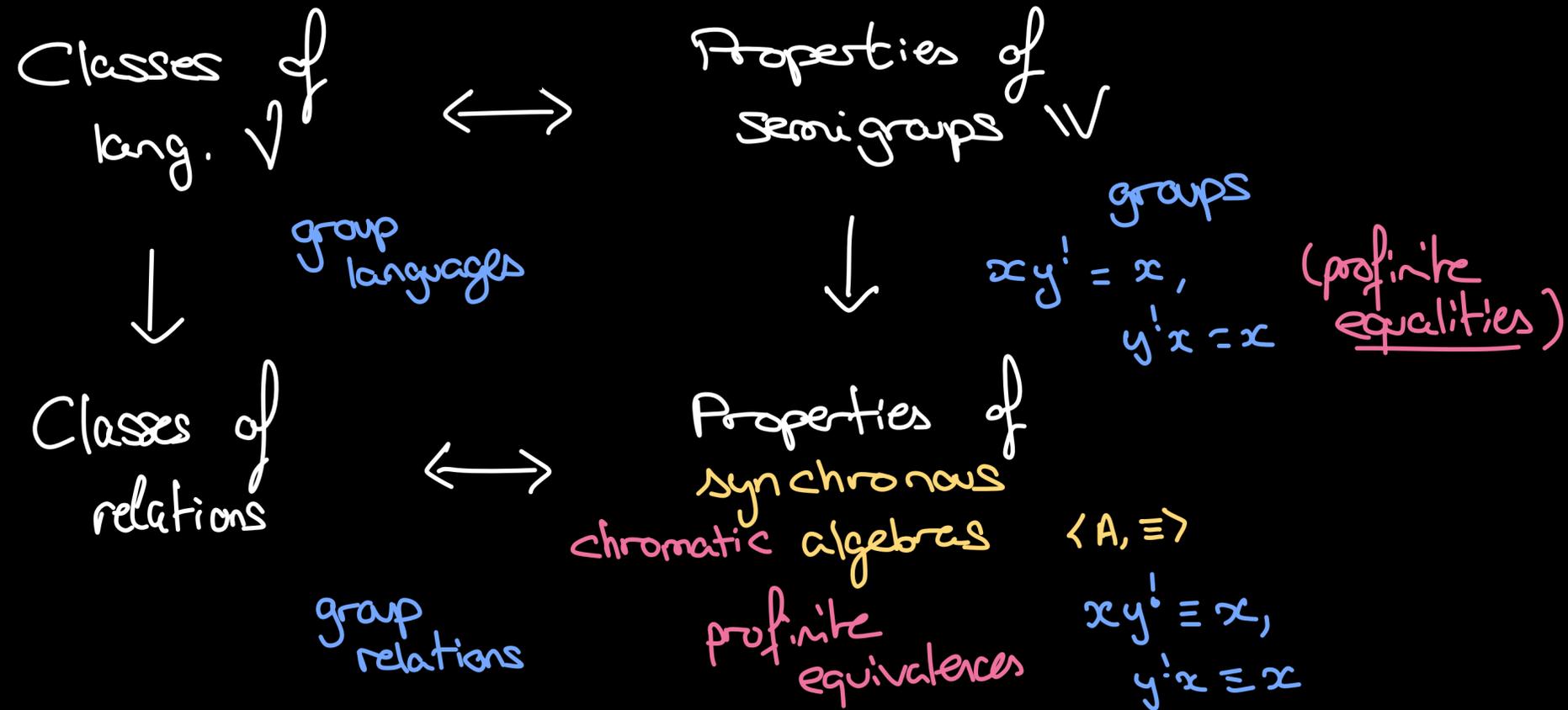


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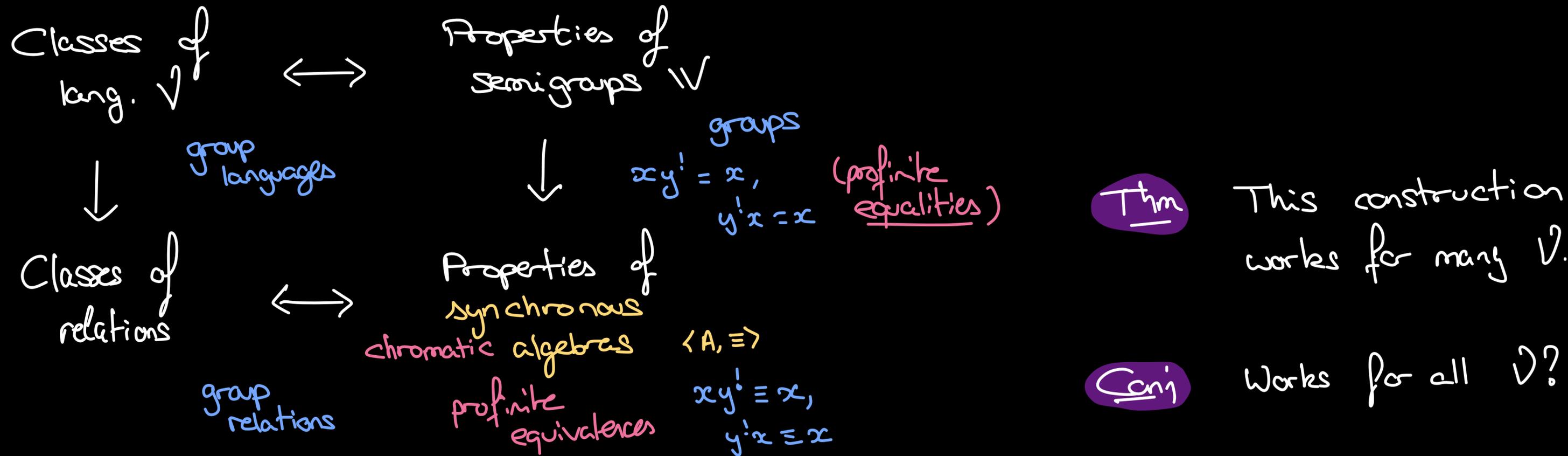


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